



Standstill and Rotational Direction Monitor

KFD2-SR2-2.W.SM

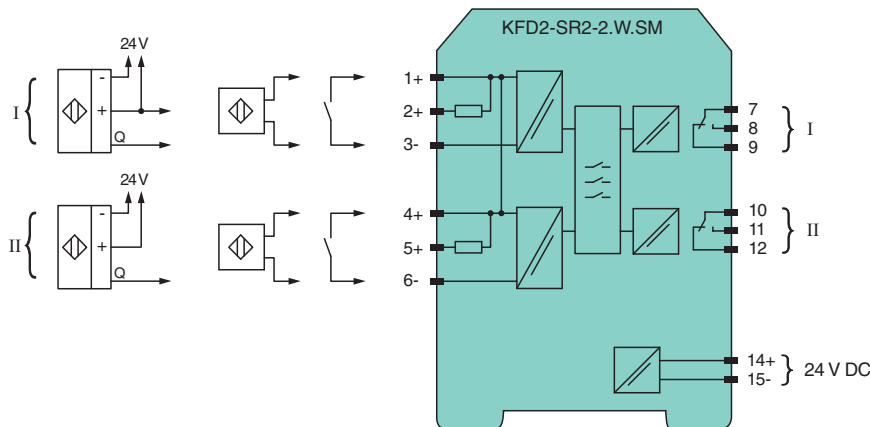
- 2-channel signal conditioner
- 24 V DC supply
- PNP/push-pull, dry contacts or NAMUR inputs
- Selectable frequency trip values
- 2 relay contact outputs
- Start-up override
- Selectable mode of operation
- Without line fault detection
- Up to SIL 2 acc. to IEC/EN 61508

CE SIL 2

Function

This signal conditioner provides the galvanic isolation between field circuits and control circuits. This device is a standstill monitor that accepts input frequency pulses and triggers an output when the frequency drops below a preselected limit value. Two start-up override values are available. This unit can also be used to determine rotation direction. During an error condition or a power loss, the relay reverts to its de-energized state and the LEDs indicate the fault according to NAMUR NE 44. A line fault is not indicated. The device has LED status indicators for direction of rotation detection, limit detection, supply, and hardware faults. The device is easily configured by the use of DIP switches. For additional information, refer to www.pepperl-fuchs.com.

Connection



Technical Data

General specifications

Signal type	Digital Input
Programming	via DIP switch and programmable

Functional safety related parameters

Safety Integrity Level (SIL)	SIL 2
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Supply

Connection	terminals 14+, 15-
Rated voltage	U _r 20 ... 30 V DC

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Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information".

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Technical Data

Power consumption		max. 1.5 W
Input		
Connection side		field side
Connection		Input I: terminals 1+, 2+, 3- ; Input II: terminals 4+, 5+, 6-
Rated values		acc. to EN 60947-5-6 (NAMUR)
Open circuit voltage/short-circuit current		approx. 8 V DC / approx. 8 mA
Switching point/switching hysteresis		1.2 ... 2.1 mA / approx. 0.2 mA
Line fault detection		not available
Control input		sensor power supply approx. 8.2 V, impedance 1.2 kΩ
Pulse duration		> 200 μs for standstill monitoring, > 250 μs for rotation direction detection
Output		
Connection side		control side
Connection		output I: terminals 7, 8, 9 ; output II: terminals 10, 11, 12
Contact loading		253 V AC/2 A/cos φ > 0.7; 126.5 V AC/4 A/cos φ > 0.7; 40 V DC/2 A resistive load
Minimum switch current		2 mA / 24 V DC
Energized/De-energized delay		approx. 20 ms / approx. 20 ms
Mechanical life		10 ⁷ switching cycles
Trip value	f _{max}	for standstill monitoring: 0.1 Hz; 0.5 Hz; 2 Hz; 10 Hz adjustable via DIP switch (S1 and S2)
Transfer characteristics		
Accuracy		5 % (S3 = I), 30 % (S3 = II)
Start-up override		5 seconds or 20 seconds, programmable
Frequency range		≤ 2 kHz
Rotation direction detection		90° phase difference between pulse input signal 1 and 2, overlapping ≥ 125 μs
Galvanic isolation		
Input/Output		reinforced insulation according to IEC/EN 61010-1, rated insulation voltage 300 V _{eff}
Input/power supply		reinforced insulation according to IEC/EN 61010-1, rated insulation voltage 300 V _{eff}
Output/power supply		reinforced insulation according to IEC/EN 61010-1, rated insulation voltage 300 V _{eff}
Output/Output		reinforced insulation according to IEC/EN 61010-1, rated insulation voltage 300 V _{eff}
Indicators/settings		
Display elements		LEDs
Control elements		DIP switch
Configuration		via DIP switches
Labeling		space for labeling at the front
Directive conformity		
Electromagnetic compatibility		
Directive 2014/30/EU		EN 61326-1:2013 (industrial locations)
Low voltage		
Directive 2014/35/EU		EN 61010-1:2010
Conformity		
Electromagnetic compatibility		NE 21:2006
Degree of protection		IEC 60529:2001
Input		EN 60947-5-6:2000
Ambient conditions		
Ambient temperature		-20 ... 60 °C (-4 ... 140 °F)
Mechanical specifications		
Degree of protection		IP20
Connection		screw terminals
Mass		approx. 150 g
Dimensions		20 x 119 x 115 mm (0.8 x 4.7 x 4.5 inch) (W x H x D) , housing type B2
Mounting		on 35 mm DIN mounting rail acc. to EN 60715:2001

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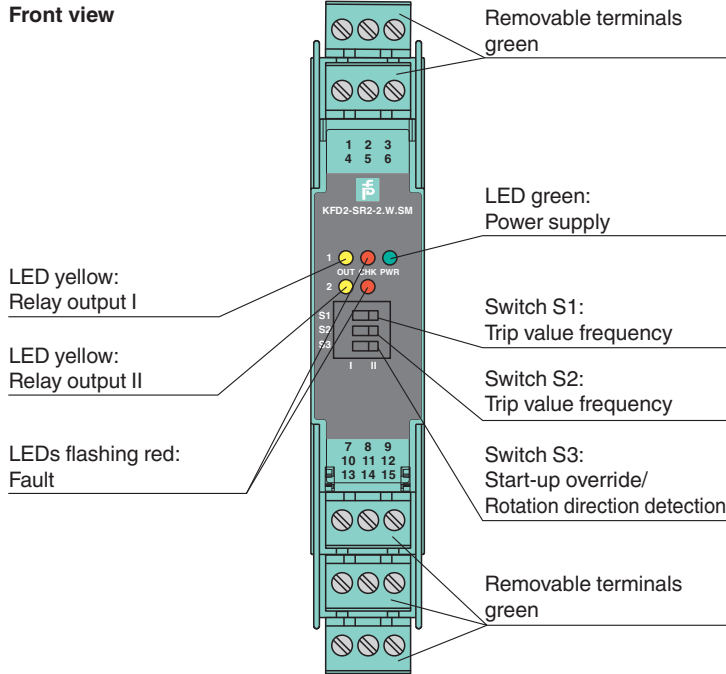
General information

Supplementary information

Observe the certificates, declarations of conformity, instruction manuals, and manuals where applicable. For information see www.pepperl-fuchs.com.

Assembly

Front view



Matching System Components

	KFD2-EB2	Power Feed Module
	UPR-03	Universal Power Rail with end caps and cover, 3 conductors, length: 2 m
	UPR-03-M	Universal Power Rail with end caps and cover, 3 conductors, length: 1,6 m
	UPR-03-S	Universal Power Rail with end caps and cover, 3 conductors, length: 0.8 m
	K-DUCT-BU	Profile rail, wiring comb field side, blue
	K-DUCT-BU-UPR-03	Profile rail with UPR-03- * insert, 3 conductors, wiring comb field side, blue

Accessories

	F-NR3-Ex1	NAMUR Resistor Network
	KF-ST-5GN	Terminal block for KF modules, 3-pin screw terminal, green

Accessories

	KF-CP	Red coding pins, packaging unit: 20 x 6
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Additional Information

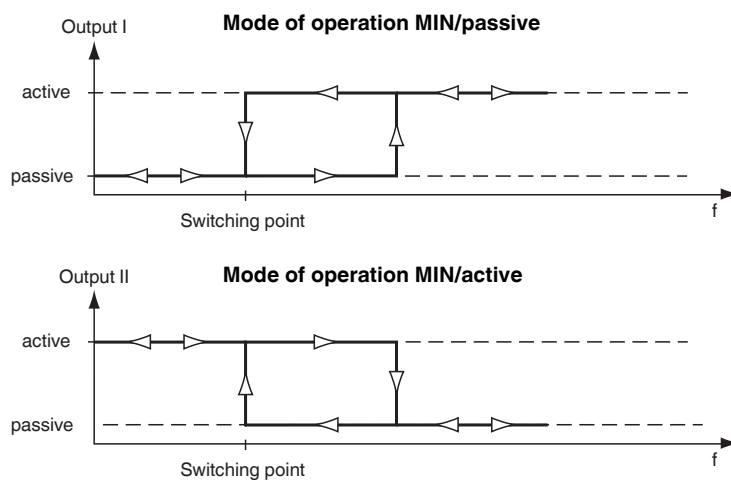
The function of standstill monitor with start-up override (S3 = I) or standstill monitor with rotation direction monitoring (S3 = II) can be selected by means of DIP switches.

S3:	I	II
Function:	Standstill monitor with start-up override	Standstill monitor with rotation direction monitoring
Input I:	Pulse input 1: NAMUR contacts (bounce-free)	Pulse input 1: NAMUR contacts (bounce-free)
Input II:	Start-up override: contact terminal 4 + 6: 20 seconds contact terminal 5 + 6: 5 seconds	Pulse input 2: NAMUR contacts (bounce-free)
Output I:	MIN/passive	MIN/passive
Output II:	MIN/active	Direction of rotation/error

Standstill monitor with start-up override (S3 = I)

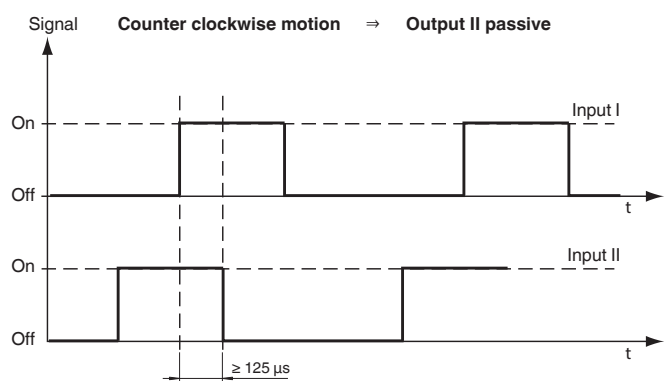
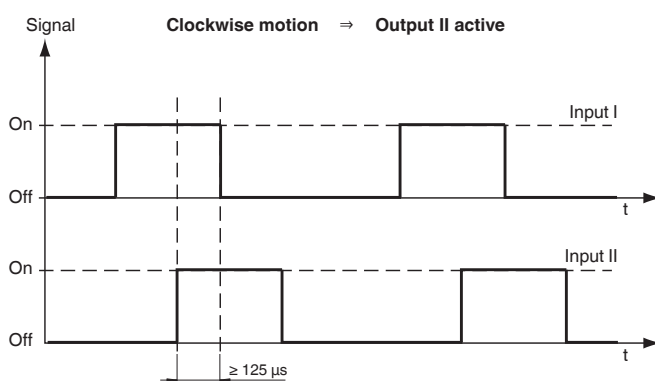
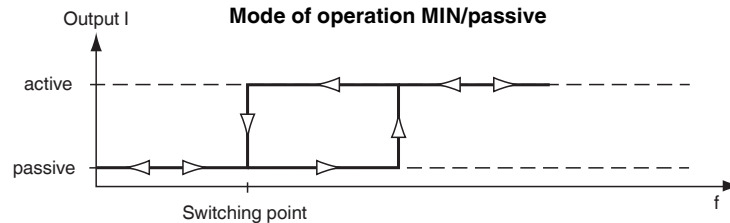
If the frequency falls below the trip value set with the DIP switches S1 and S2, the standstill monitor with start-up override switches the output I to passive and the output II to active. Input I is used to monitor the frequency of rising current edges. Signal transmitters can be sensors in accordance with EN 60947-5-6 (NAMUR) or contacts. A start-up override can be initiated via input II. The duration of the start-up override can be selected between 5 and 20 seconds by means of a bridge (starting trigger) or an external trigger signal. During the start-up override time the outputs assume the "no standstill" state.

Trip value	Hysteresis	Switch S2	Switch S1
0.1 Hz	0.02 Hz	I	I
0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	I	II
2 Hz	0.4 Hz	II	I
10 Hz	2 Hz	II	II



Standstill monitor with rotation direction monitoring (S3 = II)

The device also offers stand still monitoring with direction of rotation monitoring as an alternative to stand still monitoring with start-up override. The trip values are identical to the standstill monitor with start-up override. At input II a signal that is offset by 90° to input I has to be applied; in this context minimum signal overlapping should be ensured. Signal transmitters at input I and input II can be sensors in accordance with DIN EN 60947-5-6 (NAMUR) or contacts. Output I is used for standstill signalling and switches to a de-energized state (passive) in the event of a standstill. Output II is switched to active when the direction of rotation is clockwise. If a reverse rotation is detected or if a signal overlap is missing, output II switches to a de-energized state (passive). In this case it can be concluded, that the sensor is misadjusted or defective. If the sensor at input I is misadjusted or defective, input II is used for standstill monitoring.



Behaviour during malfunction: continuous monitoring of the device for errors in internal memory

If an error occurs, both relays go into the secure state and the red LEDs indicate the error.

Advice on use in SIL2 applications (Functional safety)

Care should be taken to ensure that the relays are de-energized (passive) in the critical condition of the application. Then, in the event of a power failure (de-energized, passive relay) the safety-critical state (energized) relay cannot be achieved.

Example 1:

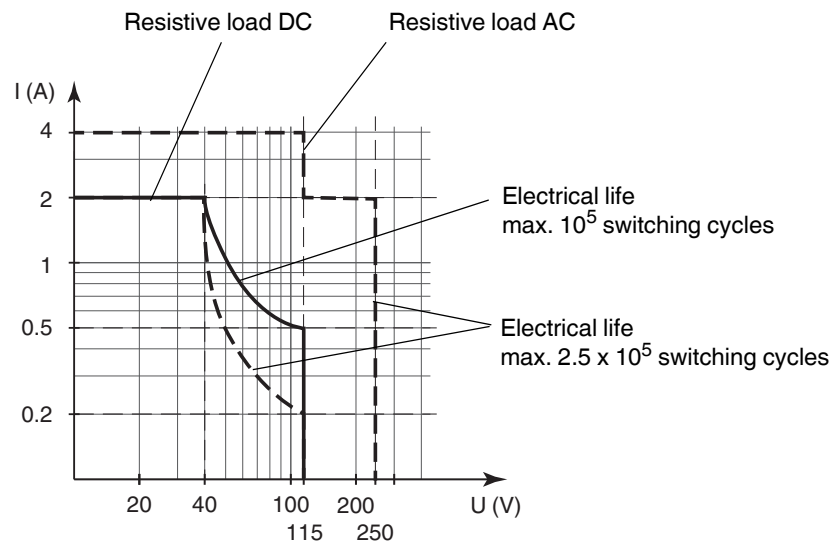
The protective guard for a rotating shaft must remain locked in position until the shaft has stopped rotating. The safety-critical condition is the rotation of the shaft (risk of injury). For this reason, the locking of the protective guard should be achieved by means of a de-energized (passive) relay. The relay shall be energized (active) only when the shaft has stopped (safe condition). This device function is only achieved with "Standstill monitoring with start-up override" (S3 = I) and control of the protective guard with relay 2.

Example 2:

The cooling of a critical process by means of fans/coolant pumps has to be monitored. The safety-critical condition is the standstill of the fans/pumps (overheating). For this reason an alarm must be triggered when a relay has de-energized (passive). As long as the fans or the pumps are running (safety condition) the relay is energized (active). This device function can be achieved with "Standstill monitoring with start-up override" (S3 = I) and "Standstill monitoring with direction of rotation signalling" (S3 = II) with relay 1.

Characteristic Curve

Maximum switching power of output contacts



The maximum number of switching cycles is depending on the electrical load and may be higher when reduced currents and voltages are applied.